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The Role Of Nuclear Including SMRs In The UK Transition To A Low Carbon Economy

4th World Nuclear New Build Congress [UK] 2017

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Presentation Structure

Introduction to the ETI

- A UK emissions reduction plan and the challenge of decarbonising heat
- Recent projects undertaken by the ETI related to UK nuclear deployment
- The role for nuclear including SMRs in the UK transition to a low carbon economy
- Enabling activities to support UK SMR deployment
- Requirements for advanced nuclear technologies

Conclusions

Introduction to the ETI organisation

- The ETI is a public-private partnership between global energy and engineering companies and the UK Government.
- Targeted development, demonstration and de-risking of new technologies for affordable and secure energy
- Shared risk

ETI members

bp

CATERPILLAR

EDF ENERGY

Rolls-Royce

Shell

Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy

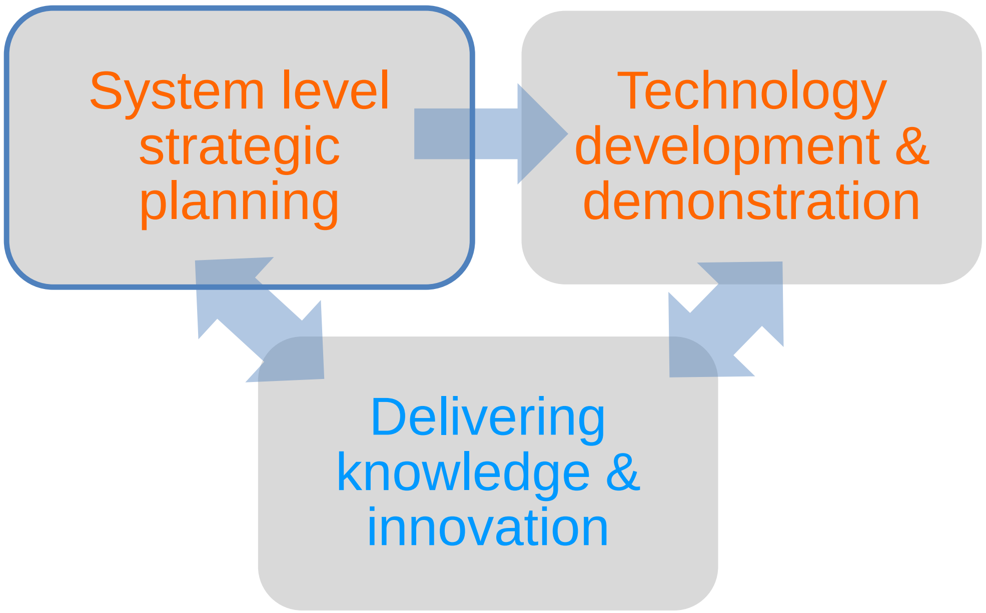
EPSRC Pioneering research and skills

Innovate UK Technology Strategy Board

ETI programme associate

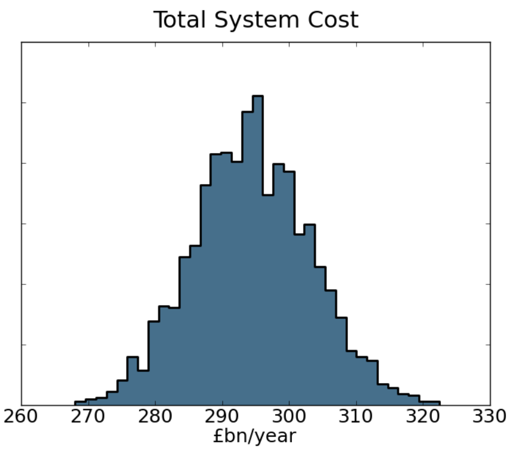
HITACHI Inspire the Next

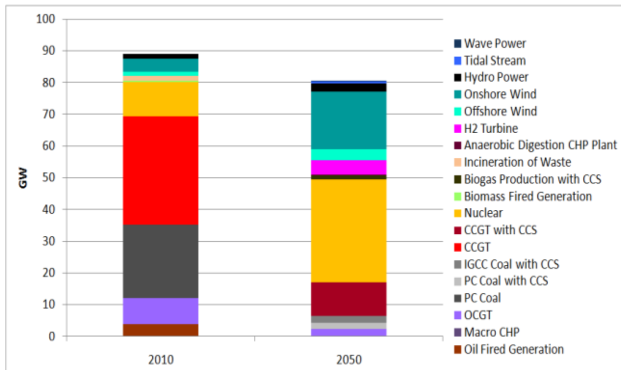
What does the ETI do?

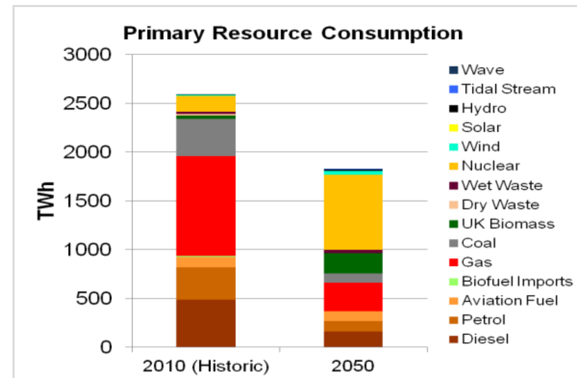


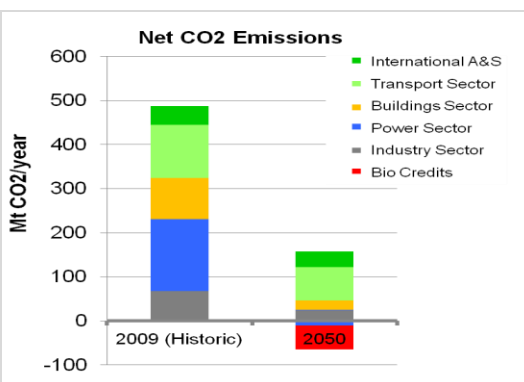
ESME – The ETI's system design tool

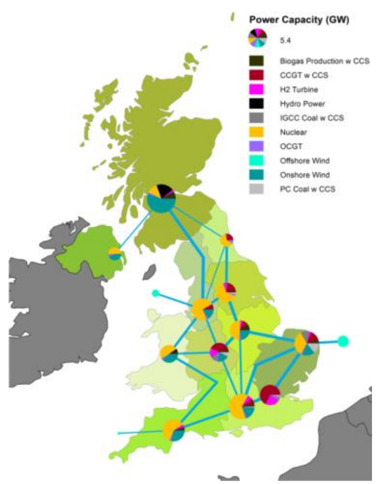
Integrating power, heat, transport and infrastructure providing national / regional system designs

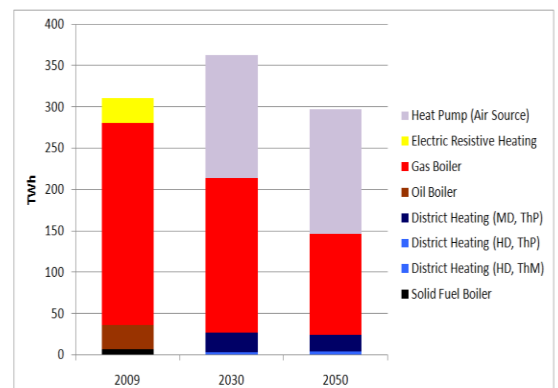








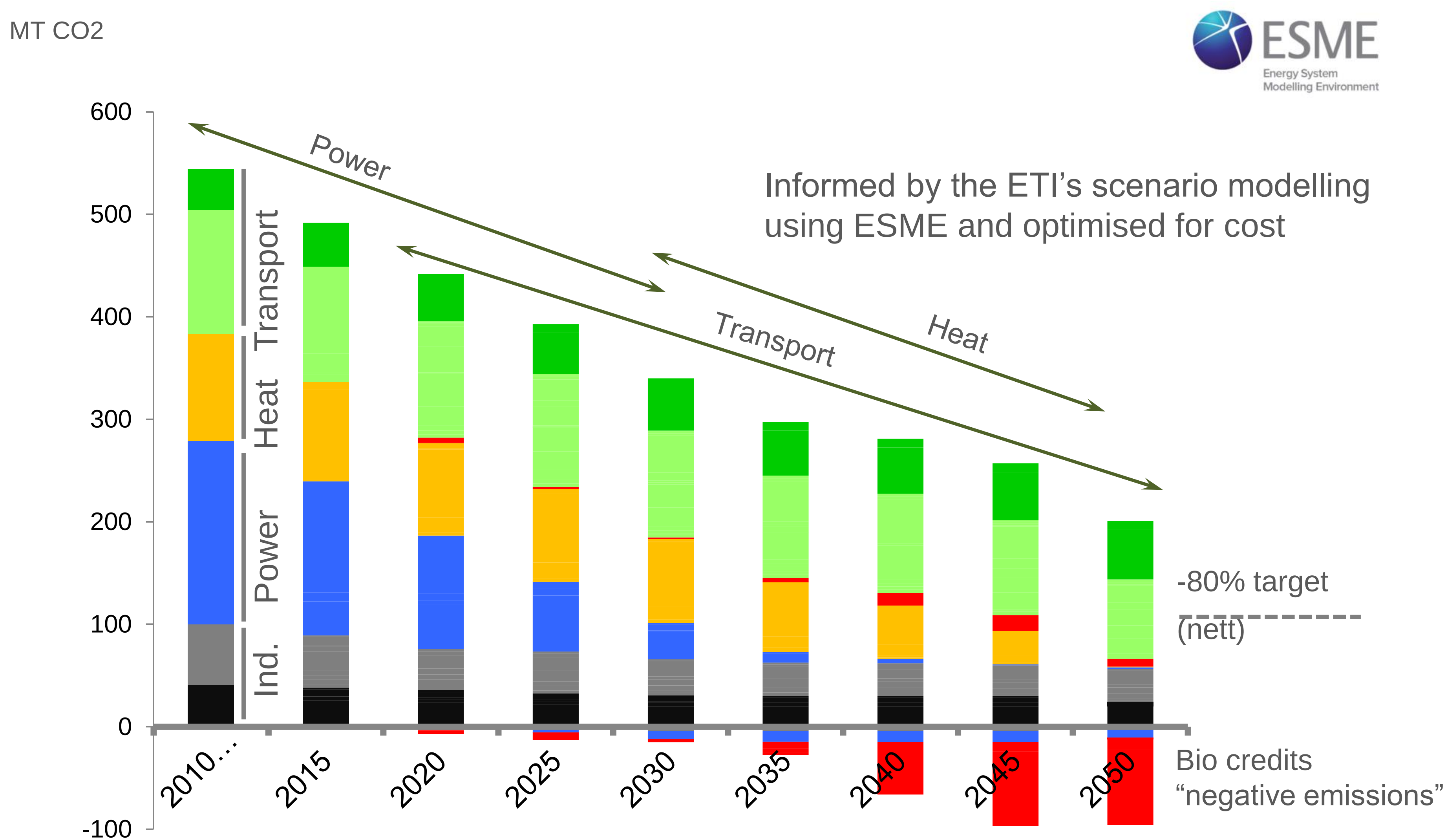




ESME example outputs

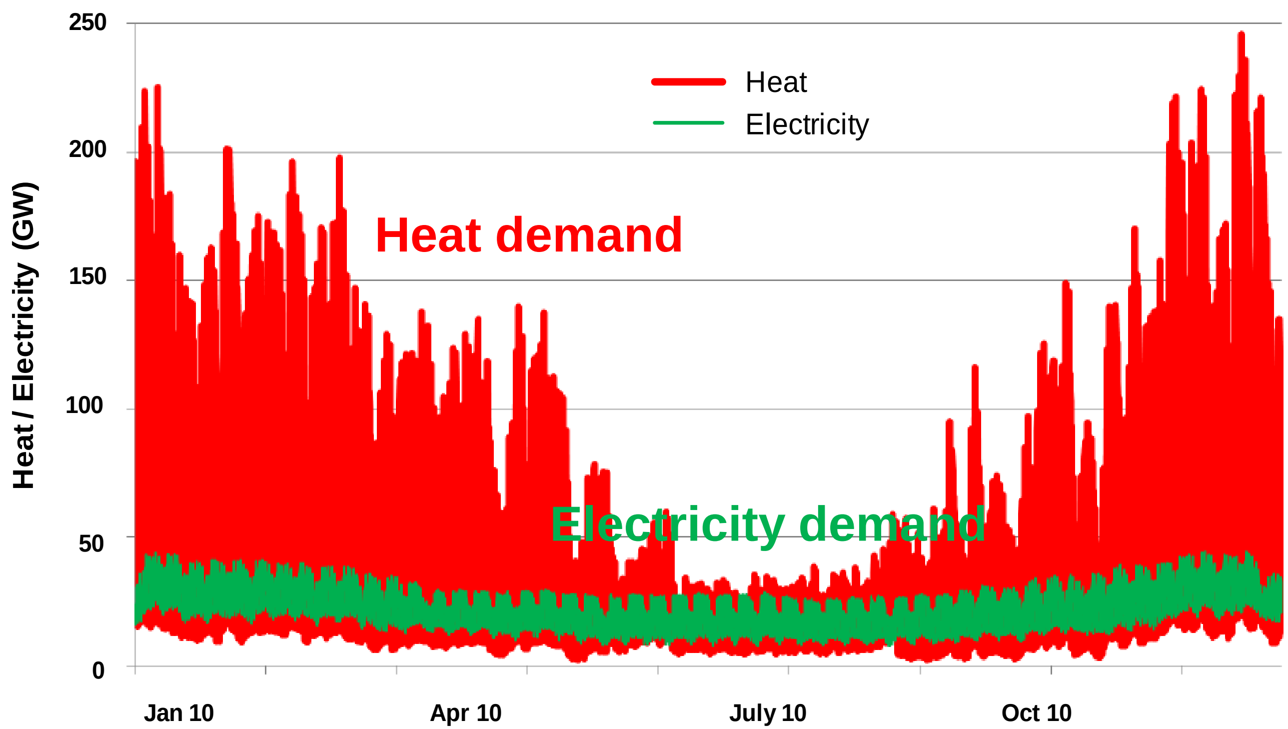
A UK emissions reduction plan

Power now, heat next, transport gradual – cost optimal



Decarbonising Heat Is Challenging

Heat demand variability in 2010 – Unattractive to electrify it all

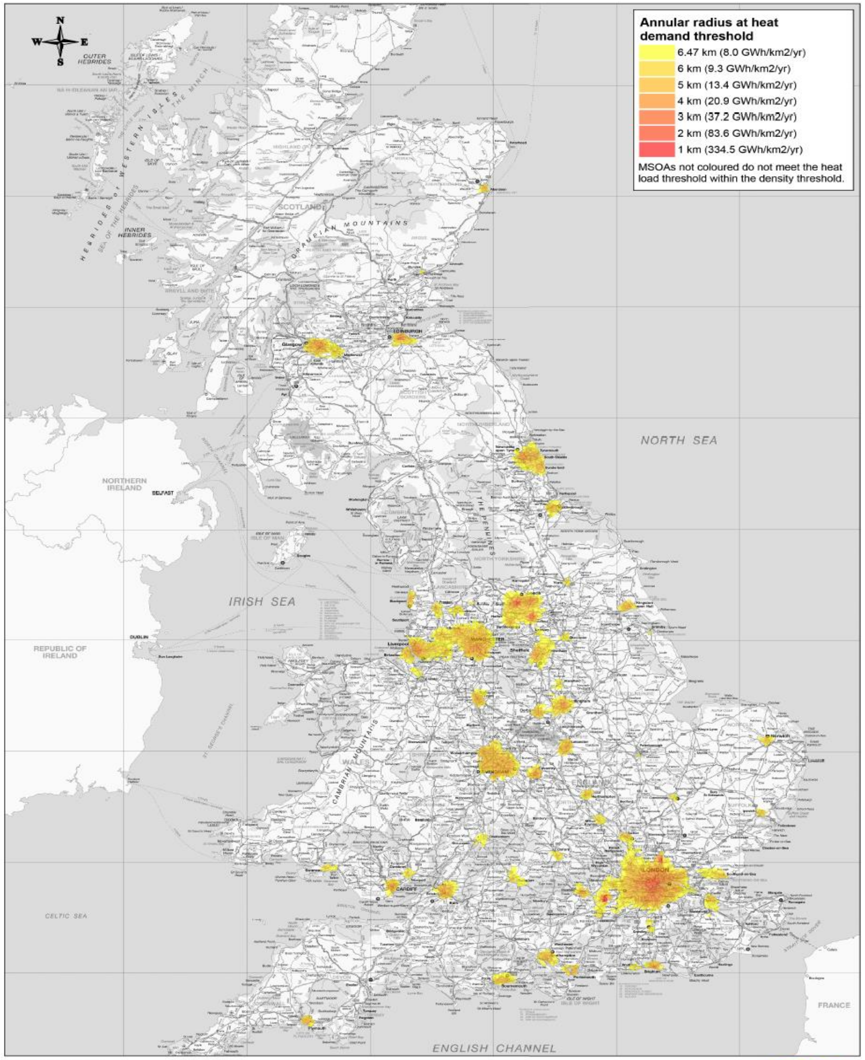


Design point for a GB heat delivery system

Design point for a GB electricity delivery system

GB 2010 heat and electricity hourly demand variability - commercial & domestic buildings
R. Sansom, Imperial College

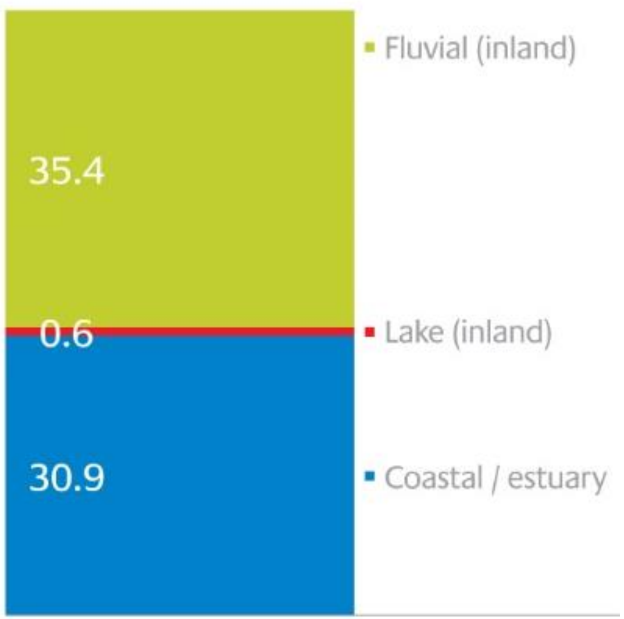
Future Heat Networks



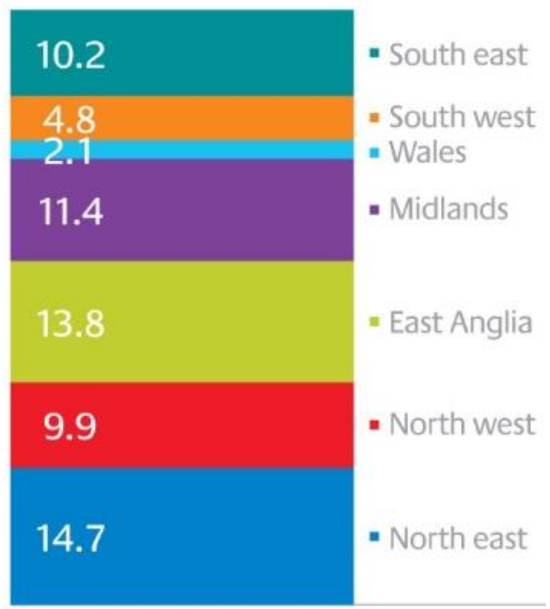
- Almost 50 GB urban conurbations with sufficient heat load to support SMR energised heat networks
- Would theoretically require 22 GWe CHP SMR capacity

Distribution Of SMR Site Capacity

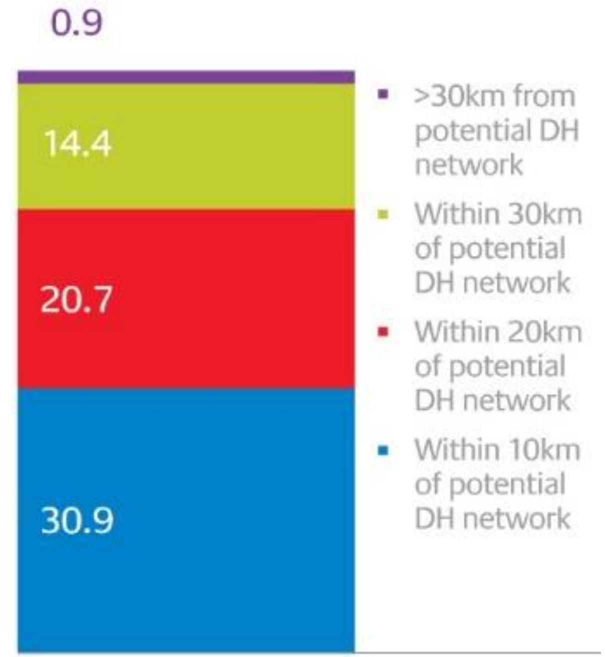
SMR site capacity from the Power Plant Siting Study -
Further potential locations likely to be found; the limit has not been explored



SMR Capacity (GWe) By Cooling Water Source



SMR Capacity (GWe) By Regional Location To Meet Demand



SMR Capacity (GWe) By Distance From Potential District Heating Network

The role for nuclear including SMRs in a low carbon energy system

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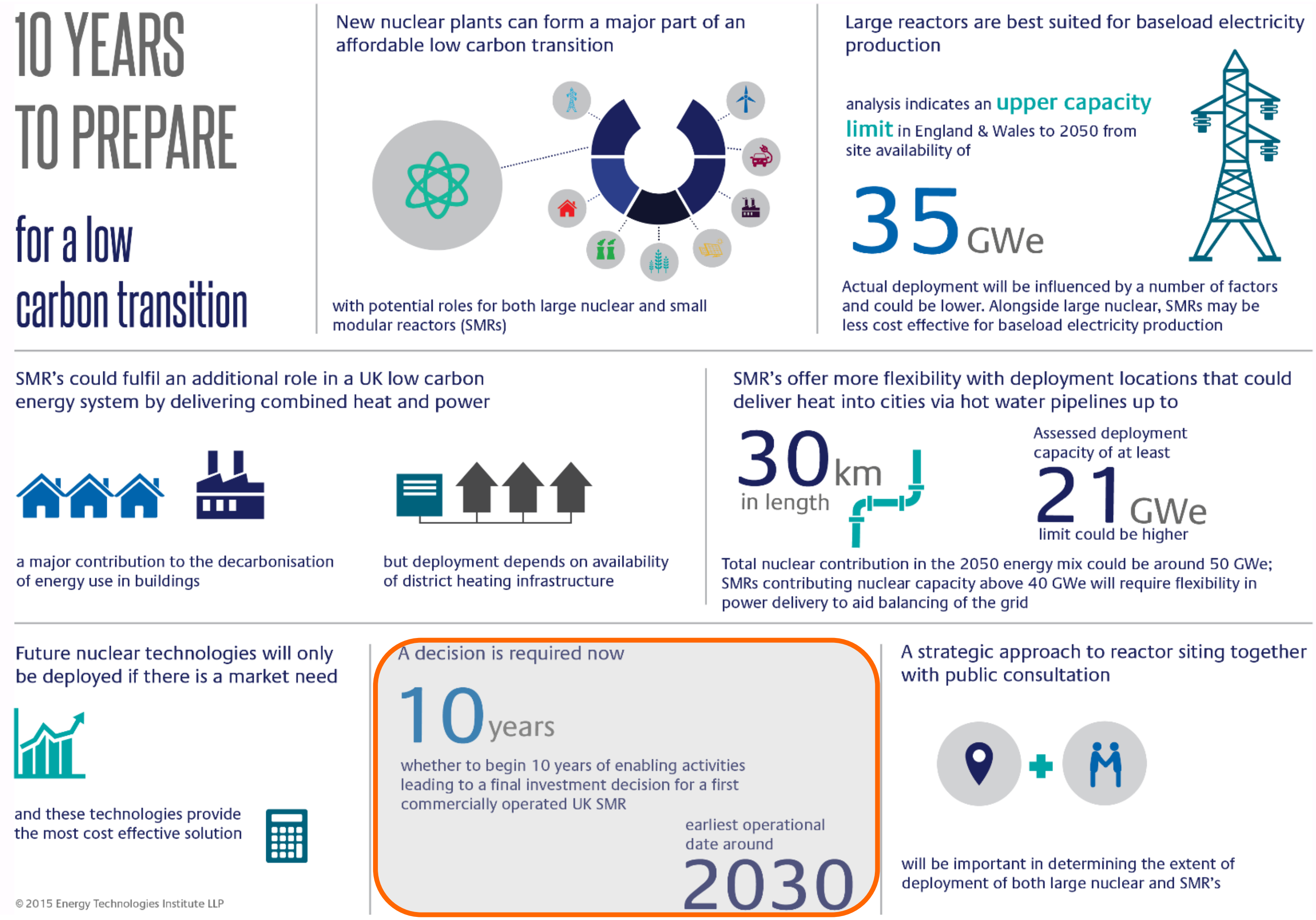
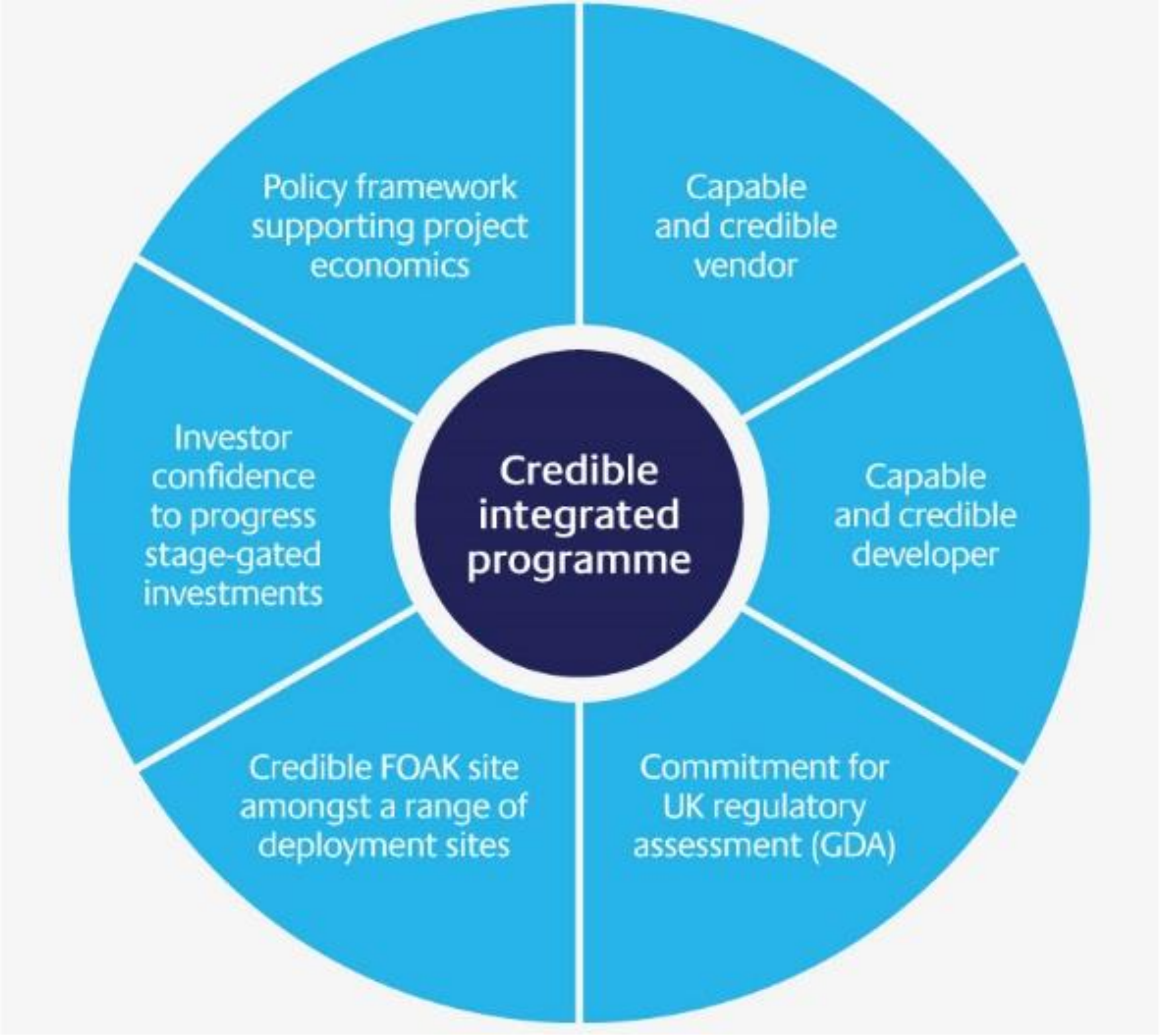
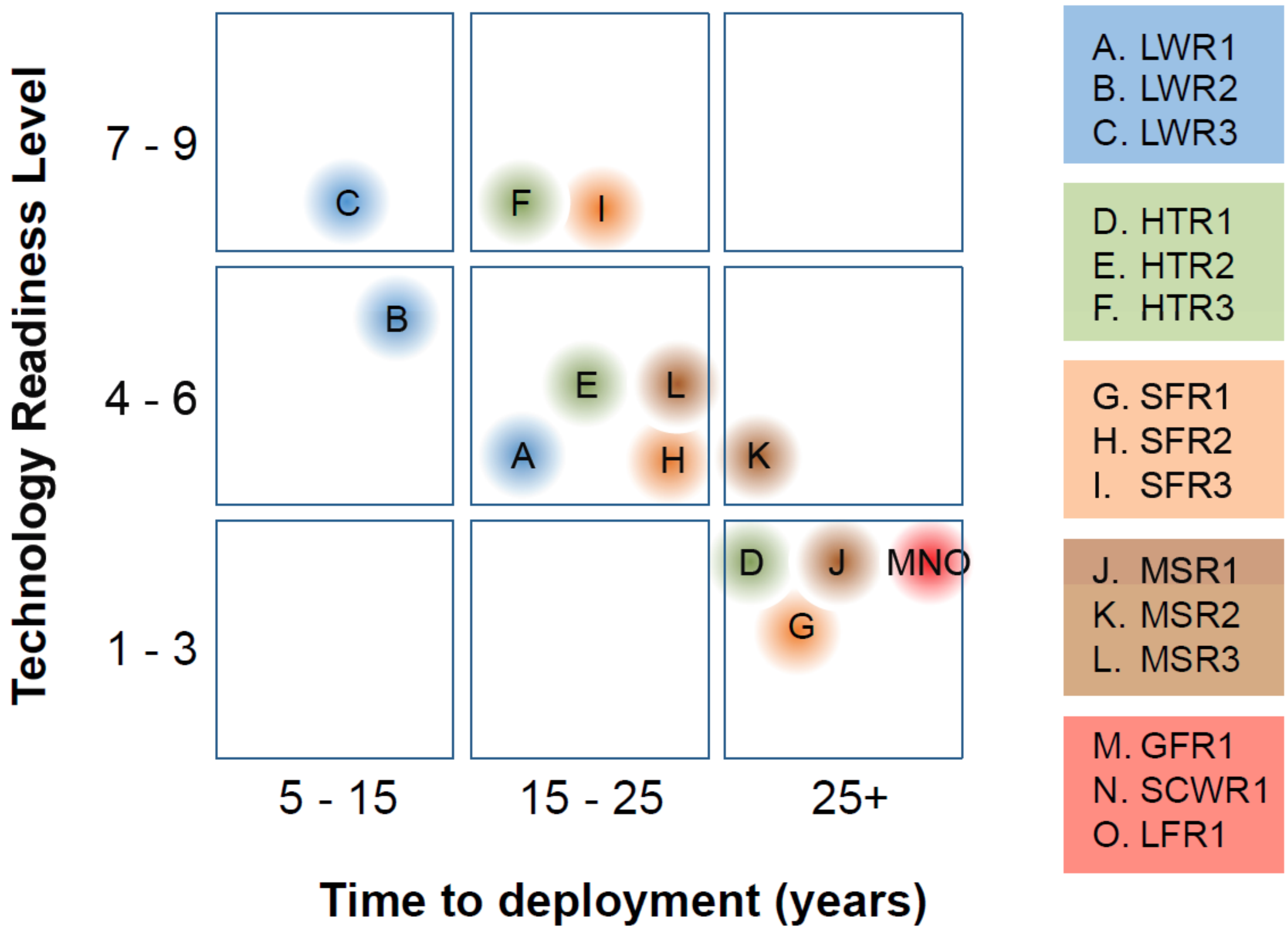


http://www.eti.co.uk/the-role-for-nuclear-within-a-low-carbon-energy-system/

Key Elements Of A UK SMR Development Programme

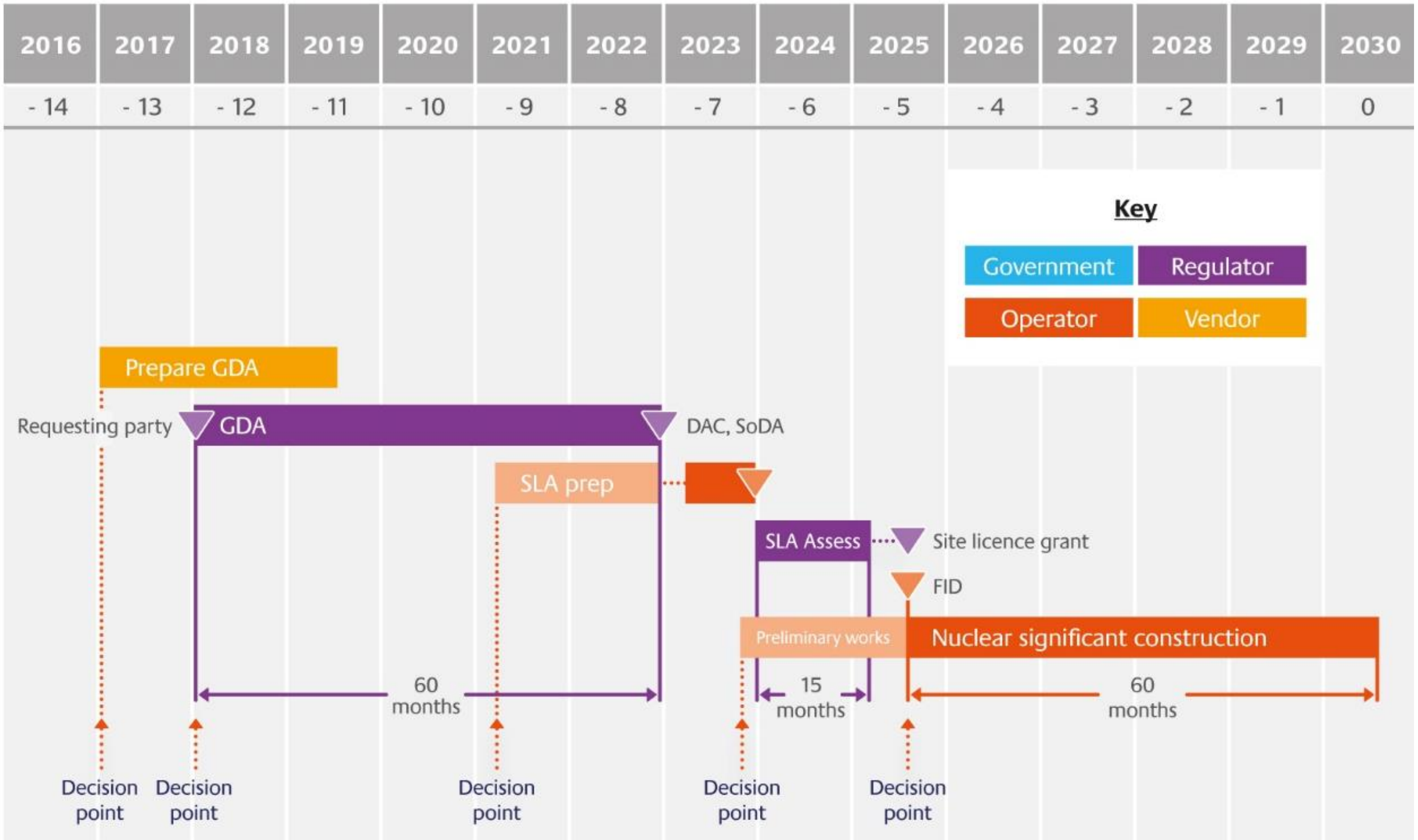


NNL View In October 2016 of SMR Technology Readiness Levels



Source: NNL presentation at the London Nuclear Power Symposium 24th October 2016

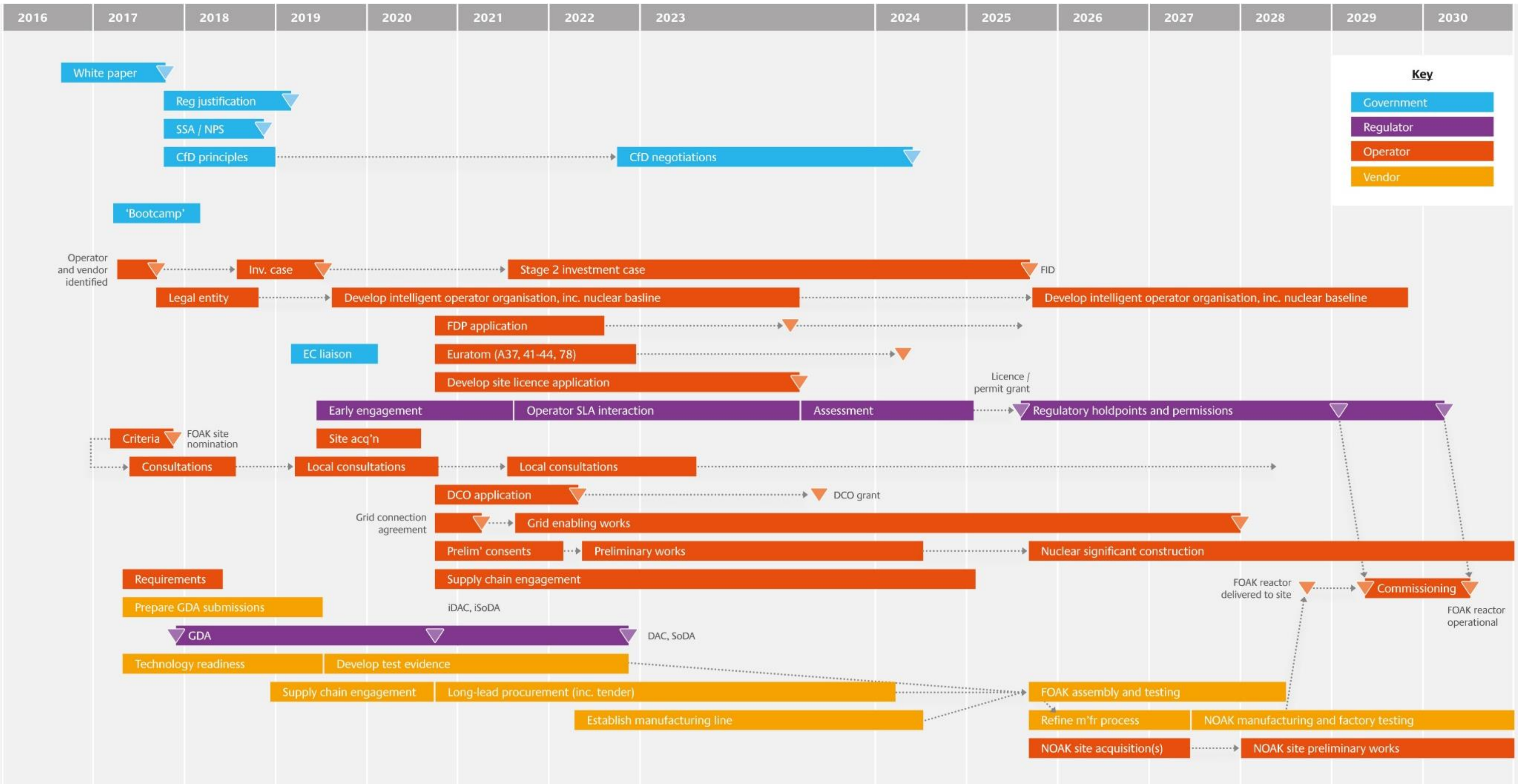
The Critical Path Of A 2030 Schedule



Key dates & assumptions (durations):

- GDA starts end 2017 (5 years)
- Site licensing preparations from early 2021 (4 and a half years)
- Site preliminary works from end 2023 (21 months)
- FID 2025 followed by nuclear construction and commissioning (5 years)

Integrated Schedule Leading To FOAK Operations By 2030



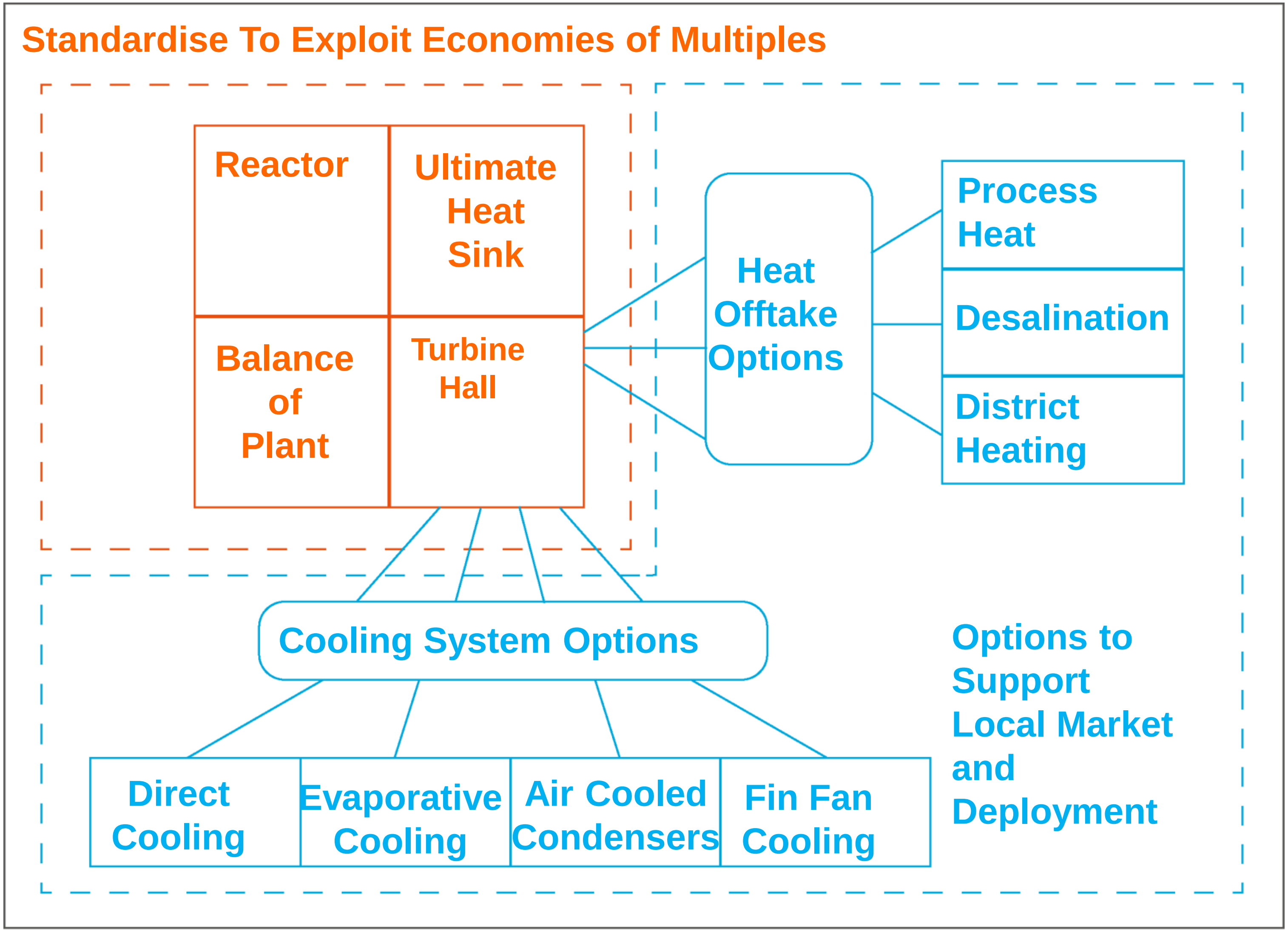
With UK Government facilitation of enabling activities, vendor and developer activities can proceed in parallel - facilitation enables deployment acceleration

Near Term SMRs
Economics & Market Applications

LCOE £/MWhr	Notes	Market Size
Low	Price lower than other low carbon alternatives with predictable project delivery.	Very large with potential for growth in nuclear share internationally driven by SMRs.
Competitive	A viable choice depending on policy considerations and viable projects.	Large with potential applications to complement large reactor deployment.
Not yet competitive	Cogeneration applications such as district heating supply or desalination improve project economic viability. Increase volume to reduce unit cost.	Small fraction of present international nuclear market.
High	Research and development plants. Remote communities off grid requiring heat and power.	Niche.

Notes: LCOE: levelised cost of electricity
UK SMR market alone probably too small to sustain SMR supply chain

Exploiting The Economies Of Multiples – UK GDA and Coping With Variants



Scope of Design To Be Assessed Through Generic Design Assessment

Conclusions - Preparing for deployment of a UK SMR by 2030

A credible integrated schedule for a UK SMR operating by 2030

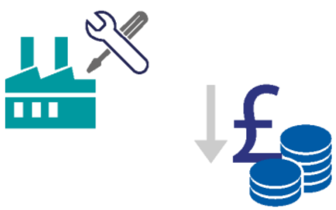
depends on early investor confidence

The Government has a crucial role to play

in delivering a policy framework which supports SMR deployment and encourages investor confidence

If SMRs are to become an integral part of a 2050 UK energy system, deployment should address future system requirements including

SMR factory production can accelerate cost reduction



UK SMRs designed and deployed as "CHP ready"

Extra costs are small and potential future revenue large

UK SMRs should be designed for a range of cooling systems

including air cooled condensers

There is economic benefit in deploying SMRs as CHP to energise district heating networks; this depends on district heating roll out

There is a range of sites suitable for early UK SMR deployment

Including options for the UK first of a kind site

http://www.eti.co.uk/insights/preparing-for-deployment-of-a-uk-small-modular-reactor-by-2030

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For the latest ETI news and announcements email info@eti.co.uk

The ETI can also be followed on Twitter @the_ETI

Small Modular Reactors - Definition

SMR is a small or medium reactor but not necessarily modular:

- Small - 10 to 300 MW (IAEA, DOE)
- Medium - 300 to 700 MW (IAEA)
- Excludes Large - 700 to 1700 MW (IAEA)

Modular in deployment:

- Modular – Multi-modular Nuclear Power Plant (NPP) on a common foundation base mat, with NPP modules added as needed
- Not power in a module to be returned to the factory for refuelling

Economic Advantage:

- Proponents aspire to use modern manufacturing and construction methods to reduce unit costs – the economies of multiples
- Innovation to overcome the dis-economies of scale of smaller units

ETI Projects – Nuclear Including SMRs

What are the siting opportunities and constraints for large reactors and SMRs in England and Wales? What is the range of locations suitable for early SMR deployment and is there an obvious front runner for a First Of A Kind (FOAK) SMR site?

- Power Plant Siting Study Phases 1, 2 and 3

What services and characteristics would be attractive from the perspectives of a cost optimised low carbon energy system? Could SMR technology be a credible provider of some of these services? What are the cost and operational implications of committing to a plant which is CHP ready when built? What are the potential cooling system choices and economic impacts if unconstrained access to cooling water becomes more difficult?

- System Requirements For Alternative Nuclear Technologies Project Phases 1,2 and 3

What are the enabling activities in the first five years of an SMR programme necessary to support potential operations of a first UK SMR by 2030?

- SMR Deployment Enablers Project

Developing Markets

Country	Technology	Notes
China	HTR – PM high temperature gas reactor	Construction start 2012 of demonstration plant at Shidaowan in Shandong province. Operations forecast 2017.
China	ACP100 integral PWR	IAEA safety review complete April 2017. Demonstration plant at Changjang. Commercial operations forecast 2021.
USA	NuScale integral PWR	Commenced NRC review Jan 2017. First potential customer UAMPs at site of Idaho Nuclear Laboratory. Commercial operations forecast 2025.
Canada	Open and technology neutral	Canadian Government and regulatory support for nuclear technology development at Canadian Nuclear Laboratories site at Chalk River with SMR demonstration by 2026.
UK	?	Announcements awaited.

This table is illustrative; the list of markets and associated technologies is not exhaustive

Generation IV Advanced Reactor Types

Technology Group	Abbreviation	Neutron Spectrum
Very high temperature gas reactors	VHTR	Thermal
Molten salt reactor	MSR	Thermal
Supercritical water cooled reactors	SCWR	Thermal
Gas cooled fast reactor	GFR	Fast
Sodium cooled fast reactors	SFR	Fast
Lead cooled fast reactors	LFR	Fast

Some Aspects Of Nuclear Innovation Support By Government Since 2013